Produkte Products

.



Prüfbericht - Nr.: Test Report No.:	50109728 001		Seit Pa	t e 1 von 24 ge 1 of 24	
Auftraggeber:	Cixi Haidebao Electrical Appliance Co., Ltd.				
Client:	No.703, Guanfu Road, Fu	No.703, Guanfu Road, Fuhai Town, Cixi City, Zhejiang, 315332 P.R. China			
Gegenstand der Prüfung: Test item:	Oil-filled radiator				
Bezeichnung: Identification:	See page 2	Serien-Nr.: Serial No.:	N/A		
Wareneingangs-Nr.: Receipt No.:	1160040441	Eingangsdat Date of receip	um: 2017- ot:	10-30	
Prüfort: <i>Testing location:</i>	TÜV Rheinland / CCIC (N 3F,Building C13,R&D Parl Zone,Ningbo 315048, P.R	lingbo) Co., Ltd. k,No.32 Lane 299 Gu China	langhua Roa	d, National Hi-Tech	
Prüfgrundlage: Test specification:	Commission Regulation with regard to ecodesign r	on (EU) 2015/1188 in equirement for local	plementing [space heater	Directive 2009/125/EC Annex II.1&III	
Prüfergebnis: Test Result:	Der Prüfgegenstand ent The test item passed the	Der Prüfgegenstand entspricht oben genannter Prüfgrundlage(n). The test item passed the test specification(s).			
Prüflaboratorium:TÜV Rheinland / CCIC (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.Testing Laboratory:3F,Building C13,R&D Park,No.32 Lane 299 Guanghua Road, National Hi-Tech Zone, Ningbo 315048, P. R. China					
geprüft/ tested by:	kon	trolliert/ reviewed by	/:	-	
ノ <u>ら、リ・ンのに</u> フ We Datum / Name/Ste Date Name/Pos	eimin Zhang /PE Ilung Unterschrift Signature	17.11.2017DatumNamDateNam	wei Lang/Rev ne/Stellung ne/Position	viewer Livejla Unterschrift Signature	
Sonstiges/ Other Aspects:	2			⁰	
The tested product fulfils An	nex II 1 and Annex III of (El	U) 2015/1188.			
		_,			
Abkürzungen: P(ass) = entspri entspricht nicht I nicht anwendbar N/T = nicht	icht Prüfgrundlage F(ail) Prüfgrundlage N/A = , t getestet	= Abbreviations: F(ail) N/A N/T	P(ass) = pass = failed = not appli = not teste	red icable d	
Dieser Prüfbericht bezieht sich	h nur auf dəs o.g. Prüfmuster un	d darf ohne Genehmigu	ng der Prüfstell	e nicht auszugsweise	
Vervieinaltigt of This test report relates to the a. m	. test sample. Without permission	JL mont ∠ur verwendung of the test center this test m any safety mark on this	report is not pen	mitted to be duplicated in cts	
			Overshus Dees	L. National III: Taab	

TUV Rheinland / CCIC (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. 3F, building C13, R&D Park, No.32 Lane 299 Guanghua Road, National Hi-Tech Zone, Ningbo 315048, P.R. China



Page 2 of 24 Report No.: 50109728 001 TEST REPORT Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1188 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC with regard to ecodesign requirement for local space heater Annex II.1&III Oil-filled radiator Test item description Trade Mark N/A Model/Type reference: HDB-C1-w, HDB-C2-w; HDB-a-u; HDB-b-u, HDB-b-Fv; HDB-c-u, HDB-c-Tu, HDB-c-Fv, HDB-c-FTv, HDB-D7-u (a=D3, D4, D5, D6, A5, A6, E1, E3, F1, F2, F3, B1, B2, B3, c=D1, D2, A1; w=5,7,9,11; b=A3, A7, A11, A12; u=v=5,7,9,11,13) Rated Voltage/Frequency/power.....: AC220-240V 50-60Hz 500W: Models with w=5, 700W: Models with w=7. 1000W: Models with w=9 or 11; 1000W: Models with u=5, 1500W: Models with u=7, 2000W: Models with u=9. 2500W: Models with u=11 or 13; 1400W: Models with v=5. 1900W: Models with v=7, 2400W: Models with v=9, 2900W: Models with v=11 or 13 Testing..... Date of receipt of test item 2017-10-31 Date (s) of performance of tests 2017-11-10 to 2017-11-13 General remarks: The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. "(see Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(see appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the decimal separator. This report is for your exclusive use. Any copying or replication of this report to or for any other person or entity, or use of our name or trademark, is permitted only with prior written permission of TUV Rheinland. This report sets forth findings solely with respect to the test samples identified herein. The results set forth in this report are not indicative or representative of the quality or characteristics of the lot from which a test sample was taken or any similar or identical product unless specifically and expressly noted. Our report includes all of the tests requested by you and the results thereof based upon the sample and information that provided. You have 60 days from date of issuance of this report to notify us of any material error or omission caused by our negligence, provided, however, that such notice shall be in writing and shall specifically address the issue you wish to raise. A failure to raise such issue within the prescribed time shall constitute your ungualified acceptance of the completeness of this report, the tests conducted and the correctness of the report contents. Unless specific mention, the uncertainty of measurement has been explicitly taken into account to declare the compliance or non-compliance to the specification Factory: Same as applicant



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Possible test case verdicts:

- test case does not apply to the test object N/A

- test object does meet the requirement...... P(Pass)

- test object does not meet the requirement...... F(Fail)

General product information/photos:

The product is portable heater with adjustable thermostat for household indoor use only.

The resistive heat element is incorporated in this product.

The difference between these models are control panel, rated power input and length size.

Model	Therm ostat	Nominal heat output/ Maximum continuous heat output(KW)	Minimum heat output (indicative) (KW)	Maximum continuous heat output (P _{max,c}) (KW)	At nominal heat Output (el _{max})(KW)	At minimum heat output (el _{min})(KW)
HDB-C1-5 HDB-C2-5	\checkmark	0.5	N/A	0.5	0.488	N/A
HDB-C1-7 HDB-C2-7	\checkmark	0.7	N/A	0.7	0.687	N/A
HDB-C1-9or11 HDB-C2-9or11		1.0	N/A	1.0	0.947	N/A
HDB-a-5 HDB-b-5 HDB-c-5 HDB-D7-5		1.0	0.4	1.0	0.981	0.375
HDB-a-7 HDB-b-7 HDB-c-7 HDB-D7-7		1.5	0.6	1.5	1.455	0.589
HDB-a-9 HDB-b-9 HDB-c-9 HDB-D7-9		2.0	0.8	2.0	1.958	0.783
HDB-a-11or13 HDB-b-11or13 HDB-c-11or13 HDB-D7-11or13		2.5	1.0	2.5	2.468	0.959
HDB-b-F5	\checkmark	1.4	0.4	1.4	1.345	0.375
HDB-b-F7		1.9	0.6	1.9	1.882	0.589
HDB-b-F9	\checkmark	2.4	0.8	2.4	2.354	0.783



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HDB-b-F11or13	\checkmark	2.9	1.0	2.9	2.876	0.959
HDB-c-T5	~	1.0	0.4	1.0	0.981	0.357
HDB-c-T7	~	1.5	0.6	1.5	1.455	0.589
HDB-c-T9	\checkmark	2.0	0.8	2.0	1.958	0.783
HDB-c-T11or13	\checkmark	2.5	1.0	2.5	2.468	0.959
HDB-c-F5	~	1.4	0.4	1.4	1.345	0.375
HDB-c-F7	~	1.9	0.6	1.9	1.882	0.589
HDB-c-F9	\checkmark	2.4	0.8	2.4	2.354	0.783
HDB-c-F11or13	\checkmark	2.9	1.0	2.9	2.876	0.959
HDB-c-FT5	\checkmark	1.4	0.4	1.4	1.345	0.375
HDB-c-FT7	\checkmark	1.9	0.6	1.9	1.882	0.589
HDB-c-FT9	\checkmark	2.4	0.8	2.4	2.354	0.783
HDB-c-FT11or13	\checkmark	2.9	1.0	2.9	2.876	0.959



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Heat output Type of heat input, for electric storage local space heaters only (select one) Nominal heat Reserved Nominal heat Reserved
Nominal heat P See hare KW manual heat charge control with Not applicable
output 3-4 integrated thermostat
Minimum heat output (indicative)P_minSee page 3-4KWmanual heat charge control with room
Maximum continuous heat outputP_max,cSee page 3-4KWelectronic heat charge control with room and/or outdoor temperature feedbackNot applicable
Auxiliary electricity consumption fan assisted heat output Not applicable
At nominal heat outputelmaxSee page 3-4KWType of heat output/room temperature control (select one)
At minimum heat outputelminSee page 3-4KWsingle stage heat output and no room temperature control[no]
In standby el _{SB} N/A KW Two or more manual stages, no room [no] temperature control
with mechanic thermostat room [yes] temperature control [yes]
with electronic room temperature [no] control
electronic room temperature control [no] plus day timer
electronic room temperature control [no] plus week timer
Other control options (multiple selections possible)
room temperature control, with [no] presence detection
room temperature control, with open [no] window detection
with distance control option [no]
with adaptive start control [no]
with working time limitation [no]
with black bulb sensor [no]
Contact details No 703 Guanfu Road, Eubai Town, Cixi City, Zheijang, 315332 P.R. China

Above information declared by client and to be provided in user manual.



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Page 7 of 24 Report No. 50109728 001 0 0 HDB-D5-u HDB-D6-u (u=5,7,9,11,13) (u=5,7,9,11,13) tmm / 11111 HDB-A5-u HDB-A6-u (u=5,7,9,11,13) (u=5,7,9,11,13)



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Copy of marking plate:
Rating Label
Markng plates of other models are the same except model name and power input
HDB-D7-5 AC220-240V 50-60Hz 1000W Cixi Haidebao Electrical Appliance Co., Ltd. No.703, Guanfu Road, Fuhai Town, Cixi City, Zhejiang, 315332 P.R. China
ID 1419035682

Summary of testing		
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	Limit	requirements
36.0%	≥36%	Annex II.1 and III referred in (EU) 2015/1188
All test items: Pass		



Result - Remark

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Clause

Requirement - Test

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(EU) 2015/1188
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Verdict

ANNEX	II of (EU) 2015/1188		
Ecodes	ign requirements		
1	Specific ecodesign requirements for seasonal space heating energy efficiency		Р
(a)	Local space heaters shall comply with the following requirements from 1 January 2018		Р
	(i) seasonal space heating energy efficiency of open fronted local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuel shall not be less than 42 %;		N/A
	(ii) seasonal space heating energy efficiency of closed fronted local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuel shall not be less than 72 %;		N/A
	(iii)seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric portable local space heaters shall not be less than 36 %;	Portable oil-filled radiator	Р
	(iv)seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric fixed local space heaters with a nominal heat output above 250 W shall not be less than 38 %;		N/A
	(v)seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric fixed local space heaters with a nominal heat output equal or below 250 W shall not be less than 34 %;		N/A
	(vi) seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric storage local space heaters shall not be less than 38,5 %;		N/A
	seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric underfloor local space heaters shall not be less than 38 %;		N/A
	seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric radiant local space heaters shall not be less than 35 %;		N/A
	seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric visibly glowing radiant local space heaters with a nominal heat output above 1,2 kW shall not be less than 35 %;		N/A
	seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric visibly glowing radiant local space heaters with a nominal heat output equal or below 1,2 kW shall not be less than 31 %;		N/A
	seasonal space heating energy efficiency of luminous local space heaters shall not be less than 85 %;		N/A
	seasonal space heating energy efficiency of tube local space heaters shall not be less than 74 %.		N/A
2.	Specific ecodesign requirements for emissions		N/A



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(a)	From 1 January 2018 emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx) from liquid and gaseous fuel local space heaters shall not exceed the following values:	Other than liquid and gaseous fuel heater	N/A
	(i)emissions of NOx by open fronted local space heaters and closed fronted local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels shall not exceed 130 mg/kWhinput based on GCV;		N/A
	(ii)emissions of NOx by luminous local space heaters and tube local space heaters shall not exceed 200 mg/kWhinput based on GCV.		N/A
ANNEX	III of (EU) 2015/1188		
1	Measurements and calculations	Remark	verdict
	For the purposes of compliance and verification of compliance with the requirements of this Regulation, measurements and calculations shall be made using harmonised standards the reference numbers of which have been published for this purpose in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> , or using other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods that take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art methods. They shall meet the conditions set out in points 2 to 5.		Ρ
2	General conditions for measurements and calculations		-
(a)	Declared values for nominal heat output and seasonal space heating energy efficiency shall be rounded to the nearest one decimal place.		Р
(b)	Declared values for emissions shall be rounded to the nearest integer.		Р
3	General conditions for seasonal space heating energy efficiency		-
(a)	The seasonal space heating energy efficiency (ηS) shall be calculated as the seasonal space heating energy efficiency in active mode (ηS , on), corrected by contributions accounting for heat storage and heat output control, auxiliary electricity consumption and permanent pilot flame energy consumption.		P
(b)	The consumption of electricity shall be multiplied by a conversion coefficient (<i>CC</i>) of 2,5.	2.5	Р
4	General conditions for emissions		-
(a)	For gaseous and liquid fuel local space heaters the measurement shall take account of emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx). Emissions of nitrogen oxides shall be calculated as the sum of nitrogen monoxide and nitrogen dioxide, and expressed in nitrogen		N/A



Clause

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	dioxide.		
5	Specific conditions for seasonal space heating energy efficiency		-
(a)	The seasonal space heating energy efficiency of all local space heaters except commercial local space heaters is defined as:	η _s =36.0%	Р
	$\eta_s = \eta_{s,on} - 10 \% + F(1) + F(2) + F(3) - F(4) - F(5)$		
	The seasonal space heating energy efficiency of commercial local space heaters is defined as: n = n - F(1) - F(4) - F(5)		N/A
	' S ' S,on '(') '(') '(')		
	Where:		-
	$-\eta$ <i>S</i> , <i>on</i> is the seasonal space heating energy efficiency in active mode, expressed in %, calculated as set out in point 5(b);		Р
	- $F(1)$ is a correction factor accounting for a positive contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric storage local space heaters due to adjusted contributions for options for heat storage and output; and a negative contribution to seasonal space heating efficiency for commercial local space heaters due to adjusted contributions for options for the heat output, expressed in %;	F(1)=0	Ρ
	- <i>F</i> (2) is a correction factor accounting for a positive contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency due to adjusted contributions of controls of indoor heating comfort, the values of which are mutually exclusive, cannot be added to each other, expressed in %;		Ρ
	- <i>F</i> (3) is a correction factor accounting for a positive contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency due to adjusted contributions of controls for indoor heating comfort the values of which can be added to each other, expressed in %;		Р
	- F(4) is a correction factor accounting for a negative contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency by auxiliary electricity consumption, expressed in %;		Р
	- $F(5)$ is a correction factor accounting for a negative contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency by energy consumption of a permanent pilot flame, expressed in %.		Р
(b)	The seasonal space heating energy efficiency in active mode is calculated as:		Р



Clause

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Requirement - Test		Result - Remark	Verdict

For all local space heaters except el heaters and commercial local space	ectric local space heaters:		N/A
$\eta_{S,on} = \eta_{th,nom}$			
For electric local space heaters: $n = \frac{1}{2}$			Р
$\eta_{S,on} = \overline{CC} \cdot \eta_{th,on}$			
For commercial local space heaters:	:		N/A
$\eta_{S,on} = \eta_{S,th} \cdot \eta_{S,RF}$			
For tube local space heaters: $\eta_{s,th} = (0,15 \cdot \eta_{th,nom} + 0,85 \cdot \eta_{th,m})$		N/A	
Table 4 Envelope loss factor of the h	neat generator		-
Thermal transmittance of envelope (U)			N/A
U ≤ 0,5	2,2 %		
0,5 < U ≤ 1,0	2,4 %		
1,0 < U ≤ 1,4	3,2 %		
1,4 < U ≤ 2,0	3,6 %		
 U > 2,0	6,0 %		
The emission efficiency of commerc heaters is calculated as follows:	ial local space	Domestic use only	N/A
$(0.94 \cdot RF_s) + 0.19$			
$\eta_{S,RF} = (0.46 \cdot RF_s) + 0.45$			
Where:			N/A
— <i>RFS</i> is the radiant factor of the cospace heater, expressed in %.	ommercial local		N/A
For all commercial local space heate systems:		N/A	
$RF_{\rm s} = 0.15 \cdot RF_{\rm nom} + 0.85 \cdot RF_{\rm min}$		N/A	
Where:			N/A
— <i>RFnom</i> , is the radiant factor at no expressed in %;	ominal heat output,		
— <i>RFmin</i> , is the radiant factor at min expressed in %.	nimum heat output,		
For tube systems:		Not tube type	N/A



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	$RF_{S} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (0.15 \cdot RF_{nom,i} + 0.85 \cdot RF_{min,i})$	$\frac{P_{heater,i}}{P_{system}}$	N/A
	 Where: <i>RFnom,i</i>, is the radiant factor per tube nominal heat output, expressed in %; <i>RFmin,i</i>, is the radiant factor per tube s minimum heat output, expressed in %; <i>Pheater,i</i>, is the heat output per tube s expressed in kW, based on GCV; <i>Psystem</i>, is the heat output of the com system, expressed in kW, based on GCV 	N/A	
	The above equation only applies if the co the burner, tubes and reflectors of the tub applied in the tube system is identical to a local space heater and the settings that d performance of a the tube segment are in those of a single tube local space heater.	nstruction of be segment as a single tube etermine the lentical to	N/A
(c)	The correction factor $F(1)$ accounting for contribution to the seasonal space heatin due to adjusted contributions of controls f and output and if the heat is distributed th or fan assisted convection for electric stor space heaters and a negative contribution commercial local space heaters related to capability of the product of regulating its h	Ρ	
	For electric storage local space heaters the correction factor $F(1)$ is calculated as follows:	ne heat output ows:	N/A
	In case the product is equipped with one (mutually exclusive) options shown in tab correction factor <i>F</i> (1) shall be increased v corresponding value of that option.	of the le 5, the vith the	N/A
	Table 5 Correction factor <i>F</i> (1) for electric storage heaters	local space	N/A
	If the product is equipped with (only one option may apply):	F(1) is increased by	N/A
	Manual heat charge control, with integrated thermostat	0,0 %	
	Manual heat charge control with room and/or outdoor temperature feedback	2,0 %	
	Electronic heat charge control with room and/or outdoor temperature feedback or controlled by energy	3,5 %	



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	supplier								
	In case the heat outp space heater is assis shall be added to <i>F</i> (1	ut of the ele ted by a fai).	ectric stor n, an addi	age local tional 1,5 %	/ 0				N/A
	For commercial local correction factor is ca	space hea	ters the h follows:	eat output					N/A
	Table 6 Correction factor F(1) for commercial local space heaters								N/A
	If the heat output con type of the products is	trol F(1 s:) is calcul	ated as:					N/A
	Single stage	<i>F</i> (1) = 5 %						N/A
	Two stage	$F(1) = 5\% - \left(2,5\% \cdot \frac{P_{nom} - P_{min}}{30\% \cdot P_{nom}}\right)$							N/A
	Modulating	<i>F</i> (1)	= 5 % - (5	$0\% \cdot \frac{P_{nom} - P_r}{40\% \cdot P}$	nom)				N/A
	The minimum value of the correction factor F(1) for two stage commercial local space heaters is 2,5 %, and for modulating commercial local space heaters is 5 %.							N/A	
	For local space heaters not being electric storage $F(1)=0\%$ heaters or commercial local space heaters the correction factor $F(1)$ shall be 0 (zero).						Р		
(d)	The correction factor contribution to the set due to adjusted contr heating comfort, the exclusive or cannot b calculated as follows:	F(2) accounting for a positive asonal space heating efficiency ibutions of controls for indoor /alues of which are mutually e added to each other, is							Ρ
	For all local space he equal to one of the fa depending on which o one value can be selo	cal space heaters the correction factor <i>F</i> (2) is one of the factors according to Table 7, ng on which control characteristic applies. Only e can be selected.						Ρ	
	Table 7 Correction factor <i>F</i> (2)	on factor <i>F</i> (2)							Р
	If the product is			F(2)	1			for local	-
	equipped with (only one option may	for electri	c local spa	ace heaters	5			space heaters	
	apply):	Portable	Fixed	Storage	Ur flo	nder oor	Radiant	using gaseous or liquid fuels	
	Single stage heat output, no room temperature control	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0	0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	



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		-		T			1		
	Two or more manual stages, no temperature control	1,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,	0 %	2,0 %	1,0 %	
	With mechanic thermostat room temperature control	<u>6,0 %</u>	1,0 %	0,5 %	1,	0 %	1,0 %	2,0 %	
	With electronic room temperature control	7,0 %	3,0 %	1,5 %	3,	0 %	2,0 %	4,0 %	
	With electronic room temperature control plus day timer	8,0 %	5,0 %	2,5 %	5,	0 %	3,0 %	6,0 %	
	With electronic room temperature control plus week timer	9,0 %	7,0 %	3,5 %	7,	0 %	4,0 %	7,0 %	
	The <i>F</i> (2) correction fa commercial local spa	actor does ce heaters	ctor does not apply to ce heaters.						N/A
(e)	The correction factor contribution to the se due to adjusted contr heating comfort, the each other, is calcula	F(3) accounting for a positive asonal space heating efficiency ibutions of controls for indoor values of which can be added to ted as follows:						Ρ	
	For all local space he the summation of the depending on which o	aters the c values acc control cha	correction cording to racteristic	factor <i>F</i> (3) Table 8, (s) applies) is 6.	Non	e of functi	on in table 2	Ρ
	Table 8 Correction factor <i>F</i> (3))				F(3)	=0%		Р
	If the product is				F(3))			-
	equipped with (multiple options	for electri	c local sp	ace heate	rs			for local	
	may apply):	Portabl e	Fixed	Storag e	Unc oor	derfl	Radian t	space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels	
	Room temperature control with presence detection	1,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0	%	2,0 %	1,0 %	
	Room temperature control with open window detection	1,0 %	1,0 %	0,5 %	1,0	%	1,0 %	1,0 %	
	With distance control option	0,0 %	1,0 %	0,5 %	1,0	%	1,0 %	1,0 %	



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With adaptive start controlWith working time limitationWith black bulb sensor	0,0 %	1,0 % 0,0 %	0,5 %	1,0	%	0,0 %	0,0 %	
With working time limitation With black bulb sensor	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %					
With black bulb sensor	0.0.0/			0,0	%	1,0 %	0,0 %	
	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0	%	1,0 %	0,0 %	
The auxiliary electric calculated as:	ity use co	rrection fa	ctor <i>F</i> (4) is	8				Р
This correction factor takes into account the auxiliary electricity use during on-mode and standby-mode operation.							Ρ	
For electric local spa calculated as follows	ce heaters :	s the corre	ection is					Р
The auxiliary electric calculated as:	ity use co	rrection fa	ctor <i>F</i> (4) is	5				Р
$F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{zb}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 1$	00[%]							
Where: $-elsb$ is the standby electric power consumption, expressed in kW; $-Pnom$ is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW; $-\alpha$ is a factor taking into account whether the product complies with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 (1):F(4)= 0.0% $-$ if the product complies with Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 (1):Standby mode: N/A Off mode: 0.000W $-$ if the product complies with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, α is by default 0 (zero), $-$ if the product does not comply with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, α is by default 1,3.F(4)= 0.0% Standby mode: N/A Off mode: 0.000WPower Management function: N/APower Management function: N/A								P
For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels the auxiliary electricity use correction is calculated as follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.2 \cdot el_{max} + 0.8 \cdot el_{min} + 1.3 \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{max}} \cdot 100[\%]$							N/A	
Where: — elmax is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output, expressed in kW; — elmin is the electric power consumption at minimum heat output, expressed in kW. In case the product does not offer a minimum heat output the value for the electric power consumption at nominal heat output shall be used; — elsb is the electric power consumption of the product while in standby mode, expressed in kW;								-
	This correction factor electricity use during operation. For electric local spacalculated as follows The auxiliary electric calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 1^{2}$ Where: - elsb is the standb expressed in kW; of the product, expre- into account whether Commission Regulat if the product com Regulation (EC) No if the product does set in Regulation (EC 1,3. For local space heat the auxiliary electricit follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0,2 \cdot el_{max} + 1}{1}$ Where: elmax is the elect heat output, express elmin is the elect minimum heat output product does not offer value for the electric heat output shall be elsb is the electric product while in stan Pnom is the nomini-	This correction factor takes into electricity use during on-mode operation.For electric local space heaters calculated as follows:The auxiliary electricity use con calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: — elsb is the standby electric p expressed in kW; — Pnom is the of the product, expressed in kW into account whether the product Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — if the product does not comp set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 — elmax is the electric power component in the electric power of heat output, expressed in kW; — elmin is the electric power complex in the electric power complex in the electric power complex is the electric power	This correction factor takes into account electricity use during on-mode and stand operation. For electric local space heaters the correcalculated as follows: The auxiliary electricity use correction factor calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: - elsb is the standby electric power con- expressed in kW; $- Pnom$ is the nominator of the product, expressed in kW; $- a$ is a into account whether the product complie Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/20 - if the product complies with the limit v. Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, a is by d - if the product does not comply with the set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, a is 1,3. For local space heaters using gaseous of the auxiliary electricity use correction is of follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.2 \cdot el_{max} + 0.8 \cdot el_{min} + 1.3 \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}}$ Where: - elmax is the electric power consumpting heat output, expressed in kW; - elmin is the electric power consumpting minimum heat output, expressed in kW. product does not offer a minimum heat of value for the electric power consumption heat output shall be used; - elsb is the electric power consumption heat output shall be used; - Pnom is the nominal heat output of the	This correction factor takes into account the auxilia electricity use during on-mode and standby-mode operation. For electric local space heaters the correction is calculated as follows: The auxiliary electricity use correction factor $F(4)$ is calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: - <i>elsb</i> is the standby electric power consumption, expressed in kW; - <i>Pnom</i> is the nominal heat out of the product, expressed in kW; - <i>a</i> is a factor ta into account whether the product complies with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 (1): - if the product complies with the limit values set i Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, <i>a</i> is by default 0 (<i>z</i> - if the product does not comply with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, <i>a</i> is by default 1,3. For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fue the auxiliary electricity use correction is calculated follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.2 \cdot el_{max} + 0.8 \cdot el_{min} + 1.3 \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: - <i>elmax</i> is the electric power consumption at nom heat output, expressed in kW; - <i>elmin</i> is the electric power consumption at minimum heat output, expressed in kW. In case th product does not offer a minimum heat output the value for the electric power consumption at nomina heat output shall be used; - <i>elsb</i> is the electric power consumption of the product while in standby mode, expressed in kW; - <i>Pnom</i> is the nominal heat output of the product,	This correction factor takes into account the advinary electricity use during on-mode and standby-mode operation. For electric local space heaters the correction is calculated as follows: The auxiliary electricity use correction factor <i>F</i> (4) is calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: — <i>elsb</i> is the standby electric power consumption, expressed in kW; — <i>Pnom</i> is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW; — <i>a</i> is a factor taking into account whether the product complies with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 (1): — if the product complies with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, <i>a</i> is by default 0 (zero), — if the product does not comply with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, <i>a</i> is by default 1,3. For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels the auxiliary electricity use correction is calculated as follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.2 \cdot el_{max} + 0.8 \cdot el_{min} + 1.3 \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: — <i>elmax</i> is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output, expressed in kW; — <i>elmin</i> is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output, expressed in kW; — <i>elmin</i> is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output, expressed in kW; — <i>elmin</i> is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output shall be used; — <i>elsb</i> is the electric power consumption of the product while in standby mode, expressed in kW; — <i>Pnom</i> is the nominal heat output of the product,	This correction factor takes into account the adxinary electricity use during on-mode and standby-mode operation. For electric local space heaters the correction is calculated as follows: The auxiliary electricity use correction factor <i>F</i> (4) is calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{a}}{P_{mom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: - elsb is the standby electric power consumption, expressed in kW; $- Pnom$ is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW; $- a$ is a factor taking into account whether the product complies with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 (1): $-$ if the product complies with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, α is by default 0 (zero), $-$ if the product does not comply with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, α is by default 1,3. For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels the auxiliary electricity use correction is calculated as follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.2 \cdot el_{max} + 0.8 \cdot el_{min} + 1.3 \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: - elmax is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output, expressed in kW; - elmin is the electric power consumption at mominal heat output, expressed in kW; - elmin is the electric power consumption at mominal heat output shall be used; - elsb is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output shall be used; - elsb is the electric power consumption of the product while in standby mode, expressed in kW; - Pnom is the nominal heat output of the product,	This correction factor takes into account the auxiliary electricity use during on-mode and standby-mode operation. For electric local space heaters the correction is calculated as follows: The auxiliary electricity use correction factor <i>F</i> (4) is calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{mm}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: $- elsb$ is the standby electric power consumption, expressed in kW; $- Pnom$ is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW; $- \alpha$ is a factor taking into account whether the product complies with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 (1): $-$ if the product does not comply with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, α is by default 0 (zero), -if the product does not comply with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, α is by default 1,3. For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels the auxiliary electricity use correction is calculated as follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.2 \cdot el_{max} + 0.8 \cdot el_{min} + 1.3 \cdot el_{ab}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: - elmax is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output, expressed in kW; $- elmin$ is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output the value for the electric power consumption at nominal heat output shall be used; $- elsb$ is the electric power consumption of the product while in standby mode, expressed in kW; $- Pnom$ is the nominal heat output of the product, while in standby mode, expressed in kW;	This correction factor for factor factor for factor facto



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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

	expressed in kW.		
	For commercial local space heaters the auxiliary electricity use correction factor is calculated as follows:		N/A
	$F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0,15 \cdot el_{max} + 0,85 \cdot el_{min} + 1,3 \cdot el_{zb}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100[\%]$		
(g)	The correction factor $F(5)$ related to the energy consumption of a permanent pilot flame is calculated as follows:	F(5)=0%	Р
	This correction factor takes into account the permanent pilot flame power requirement.	No pilot flame	N/A
	For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels it is calculated as: $F(5) = 0.5 \cdot \frac{P_{\text{pilor}}}{P_{\text{rm}}} \cdot 100[\%]$		N/A
	Where: — Ppilot is the pilot flame consumption, expressed in kW; — Pnom is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW.		N/A
	For commercial local space heaters the correction factor is calculated as: $F(5) = 4 \cdot \frac{P_{\text{pilot}}}{P_{\text{nom}}} \cdot 100[\%]$		N/A
	In case the product has no permanent pilot light (flame) Ppilot is 0 (zero).		N/A
	 Where: — <i>Ppilot</i> is the pilot flame consumption, expressed in kW; — <i>Pnom</i> is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW. 		N/A

Equipment used for measurements

Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	ID	Calibration valid till
Power Meter	ZIMMER	LMG95	1.386	2018-03-22
Power Source	APC	AFC31010T	2.182	N/A

----- END OF TEST REPORT ------